

VIJAYAWADA

# URBAN SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS REPORT

SUSTAINABLE CITIES INTEGRATED APPROACH PILOT (SCIAP)







#### **JUNE 2021**

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This report has been prepared under the Sustainable Cities Integrated Approach Pilot (SCIAP) project funded by the Global Environment Facility (GEF-6) through UNIDO. It documents the findings from the application of the Urban Sustainability Assessment Framework (USAF), which was developed under SCIAP for five pilot cities – Bhopal, Guntur, Jaipur, Mysore and Vijayawada. The report is produced using data provided by the state and municipal authorities of the four participating states and additional geospatial data collected from the National Platform for Sustainable Cities, European Space Agency. While UN-Habitat checks data to the fullest extent possible, the responsibility for the accuracy of the data lies with the original providers of the data. Information contained in this Report is provided without warranty of any kind, either express or implied, including, without limitation, warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose and non-infringement. UN-Habitat specifically does not make any warranties or representations as to the accuracy or completeness of any such data. Under no circumstances shall UN-Habitat be liable for any loss, damage, liability or expense incurred or suffered that is claimed to have resulted from the use of this Report, including, without limitation, any fault, error, omission with respect thereto. The use of this Report is at the User's sole risk. Under no circumstances, including, but not limited to negligence, shall UN-Habitat or its affiliates be liable for any direct, indirect, incidental, special or consequential damages, even if UN-Habitat has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

# List of Acronyms

CSCAF	Climate Smart City Assessment Framework
EOLI	Ease of Living Index
ESCI	Emerging and Sustainable Cities Initiative
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GEF	Global Environment Facility
GHG	Green House Gas
GIS	Geographical Information System
GPSC	Global Platform for Sustainable Cities
MoHUA	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs
ΜΡΙ	Municipal Performance Index
SCIAP	Sustainable Cities Integrated Approach Pilot
SDG	Sustainable Development Goals
SLB	Service Level Benchmarking
SS 2020	Swachh Survekshan 2020
SWM	Solid Waste Management
UNIDO	United Nations Industrial Development Organisation
UN-Habitat	United Nations Human Settlements Programme
URDPFI	Urban and Regional Development Plans Formulation and Implementation
USAF	Urban Sustainability Assessment Framework
VMC	Vijayawada Municipal Corporation

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# **Key Definitions**

**Benchmark**: Benchmarks refer to a quantitative value set for an indicator to assess the performance to reach the target. Scoring range is based on benchmarks derived from national standards and linked to global standards wherever possible. In the Urban Sustainability Assessment Framework (USAF), for quantitative indicators, indicator value over and above the set benchmark is categorised as excellent performance.

**Threshold:** Threshold is the minimum level of performance that can be associated with an indicator value to be considered within the sustainability range.

# 1. Introduction

Vijayawada is the second-most populous city in the state of Andhra Pradesh. The connectivity of Vijayawada through road and railways to cities like Visakhapatnam, Hyderabad, Tirupati, Vijayawada, and Chennai enables the city to function as one of the key commercial and economic centres in the state. In addition, its proximity of Amravati, the capital city of the state, and the presence of many government departments in Vijayawada reflects that the city functions as a de-facto capital.

As per Census of India, the total population of Vijayawada in 2011 was 10.34 lakh. Vijayawada Municipal Corporation (VMC) estimated the total population of the city in 2019 at 12 lakh. The city has an area of 61.88 sq. km and the population density is 193 persons per hectare (PPH). The population growth rate between 2011 and 2019 was 16% while the built-up area per person decreased by 11% in the last decade. About 15% of the total area falls under slums and squatter settlements and 23% of population lives in slums. Most of these slums concentrated on hill slopes that are prone to landslides or in flood-prone areas along the Krishna River.

City is prone to various natural hazards like cyclone, earthquake, floods, fire, and landslides. VMC is collaborating with UNDP to prepare 18 ward level disaster management plans. Solid waste management and urban greening are major priority focus areas of the city, and the goal is to make Vijayawada Zero-Waste City. Some of the major projects include development of Shopper's Street in Beasant road, rejuvenation of dumpsite into park at Ajith Singh Nagar, improvement of water supply system under AMRUT, flower waste recycling, e-waste management, plastic waste recycling, 38 km road corridor improvement, urban greening, parks development, Ryves canal-front development, Krishna riverfront development in Bhavanipurum and rejuvenation of water bodies.

Vijayawada falls within the Amaravati Metropolitan Region Development Authority which also includes the cities of Vijayawada and Amaravati. The enforced Zonal Development Plan for Vijayawada was notified in 2006 for the horizon year 2021. The revised Zonal Development Plan for 2035 is under preparation.

This Urban Sustainability Indicators Report for Vijayawada is based on the Urban Sustainability Assessment Framework (USAF), developed under the Sustainable Cities Integrated Approach Pilot. It intends to enhance decision-making by augmenting the development potential of Vijayawada and strengthening day-to-day management and good governance. It can also help decision-makers prioritize projects to effectively direct resources towards targeted areas for maximum impact and benefit.

# 2. City Management and Planning Indicators

Urban sustainability indicators are important tools to measure and monitor city's development status and trajectory. The indicators in this report cover 12 sectors, namely, public space-safety-urban form, housing-property, water, sanitation, solid waste management, transportation, social services-facilities, environment-ecology, clean energy, disaster risk management, governance-data management and finance-economy (Figure 2.1). These sectors represent the primary urban planning and management functions of the urban local bodies. The report provides multi-sectoral outlook as well as granular sector-specific data to assess city's performance relative to national and international standards.

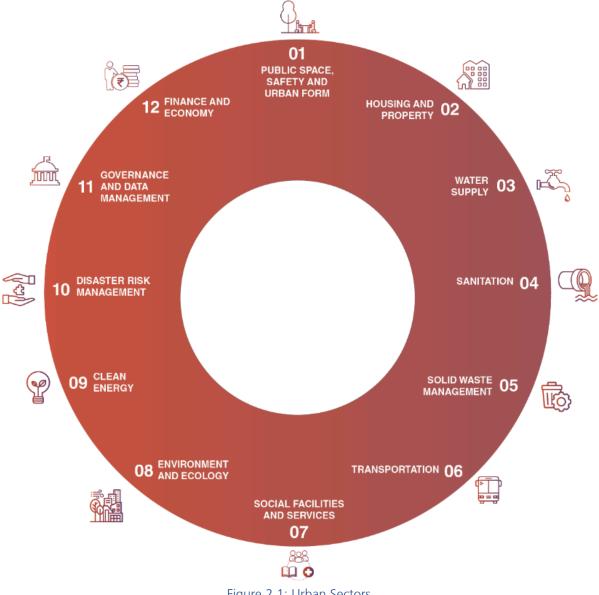


Figure 2.1: Urban Sectors

# 3. Indicator Categories and Scoring

There are 131 indicators in USAF which are formulated using 235 data inputs across 12 sectors. These 131 indicators have been divided into three levels: 54 are primary, 55 are secondary and 22 are tertiary. The definitions of the levels are specified in Figure 3.1.

Primary	Covers at least 1 SDG target and/or indicators from 1 or more National and International Frameworks; and/or spatial in nature	Comprehensive snapshot of city performance
Secondary	May cover 1 SDG target and/or indicators from 1 or more National and International Frameworks	Deeper dive into specific sectors
Tertiary	May cover SDG targets and/or indicators from National and International Frameworks	City priority specific, more granular assessment

#### Figure 3.1: Indicator Levels and their Definitions

The indicators are scored on a 7-point scale (very low to excellent performance). A score of 0 (or very low performance) is given when performance is below minimum threshold and score of 6 (or excellent performance) is given when performance meets or exceeds the benchmark set by considering national and global standards. Performance above the set threshold for an indicator procures the score of 1 (or low performance). National urban averages are used as mid-point (score 3 or medium performance) wherever either thresholds or benchmarks weren't available.

For representation, the range of performance follows a spectral colour ramp and varies from two shades of red (very low - low) to two shades of green (high - excellent) with three shades of yellow in between (lower medium - medium - upper medium) (Figure 3.2).

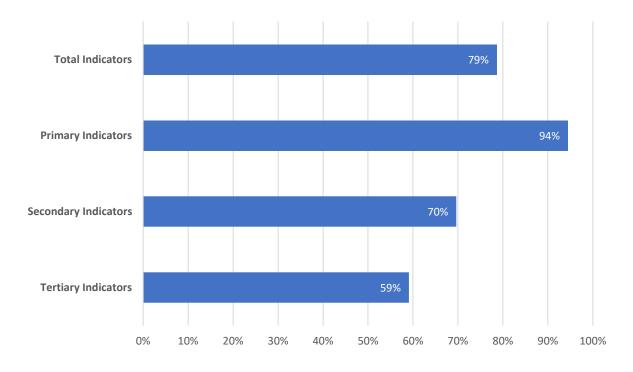
	Indicator Performance							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Very low performance	Low performance	Lower medium performance	Medium performance	Upper medium performance	High performance	Excellent performance		

Figure 3.2: Colour gradient of indicator performance

# 4. Sector-wise City Performance

This section presents the indicator-wise and overall performance of each sector for primary, secondary, and tertiary indicators, based on the data collected and scored in accordance with the scoring methodology. It also includes the status of data collection for each sector.

For Vijayawada, 79% of all indicators (103 out of the 131 indicators), have been collected (figure 4.1). 94% of all primary indicators have been collected.



#### Figure 4.1: Data collection status for Vijayawada

In the following sections (4.1 to 4.12), performance of overall sector and each indicator in that sector is given. In the sector wise tables, '-' in the city indicator value column represents unavailable data. These indicators are not scored and represented by '-' in the indicator performance column. In the indicator performance column, 'NA' value represents that the scoring for such indicators is 'Not Applicable' (for descriptive indicators). Overall average for each sector is calculated based on the collected indicators.

All data in this report has been collected and validated by relevant local entity consulted during the preparation (Annex 6.1). A detailed list of all indicators, indicator value, scoring range, city score, indicator type and source framework for each of the 12 sectors is provided in Annexure 6.2.

## 4.1. Urban Form, Public Space and Safety

There are 9 indicators in this sector, 3 of which are related to safety, 2 to urban form and rest are related to public and open spaces in the city. Data for 7 out of 9 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
UPS	1.1	Percentage of city roads covered with street lighting (%)	Primary	100%	6
UPS	1.2	Percentage change in the built-up area per capita in the city in between year 2000 and year 2014 (%)	Primary	-11%	NA
UPS	1.3	Percentage of agriculture use area proposed for future developable uses in the Master Development Plan (%)	No agricultura Primary land proposed ZDP		NA
UPS	1.4	Percentage of population within 500m distance to public park/open space (%)	Primary	Primary 63%	
UPS	1.5	Open space (includes recreational space, organised green, other common open spaces) per capita (sqm/person)	Primary 3.83		0
UPS	1.6	Percentage share of pedestrian fatalities in total fatalities (motorized/non-motorized transport) in road accident during a year (%)	Secondary -		-
UPS	1.7	Percentage of recreational and open space (includes stadiums, theme parks, playgrounds, maidan) of total developable area (%)	Secondary	1%	0
UPS	1.8	Rating of safety standards of the city	Tertiary -		-
UPS	1.9	Amount spent in operations and maintenance per square metre area of parks in the city by the ULB (INR per sqm)	Tertiary 64.55		NA
UPS		Overall Sector Aver	age Score		2

Table 4.1: Urban Form, Public Space and Safety

## 4.2. Housing and Property

There are 5 indicators in this sector measuring the status of informal settlements and slums, and housing demand in the city. Data for 2 out of 5 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
НР	2.1	Percentage of urban households living in slums/squatter settlements (%)	Primary	29%	0
НР	2.2	Percentage of city area under slums/squatter settlements (%)	Primary	15%	NA
НР	2.3	Percentage of owner-occupied housing units to total housing units (%)	Secondary	-	-
НР	2.4	Percentage of households spending greater than 30 percent of their income on accommodation expenses (%)	Tertiary	-	-
НР	2.5	Percentage of households living in one room (%)	Tertiary -		-
НР		Overall Sector Avera	Overall Sector Average Score		

Table 4.2: Housing and Property

## 4.3. Water

There are 6 indicators to gauge the water resource management including service coverage and efficiency in mapping households with piped connection, metered connections, and measuring the extent of non-revenue water in the city. Data for all 6 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
WTR	3.1	Percentage of households with piped connection (%)	Primary	90%	5
WTR	3.2	Percentage of water samples in a year that comply with national potable water quality standards (%)	Primary	100%	6

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
WTR	3.3	Existence of water resources assessment and management Plan prepared in the last five years.	Primary	Water Resource Management (WRM) Plan is prepared with Short, Medium, and Long-term Actions	6
WTR	3.4	Extent of Non-Revenue Water (%)	Primary	27%	4
WTR	3.5	Water supply per capita (LPCD)	Secondary	180	6
WTR	3.6	Extent of metering of water supply connections (%)	Secondary	8%	0
WTR Overall Sector Average Score				5	

Table 4.3: Water

## 4.4. Sanitation

For assessing performance of cities on coverage of sewerage network and toilet facilities and industry compliance with wastewater treatment norms and guidelines, there are 9 indicators in the sanitation sector. Data for 8 out of 9 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
SAN	4.1	Percentage of properties in the ULB connected to sewerage network (%)	Primary	92%	3
SAN	4.2	Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (%)	Primary	100%	6
SAN	4.3	Percentage of sewage treated before discharge into surface water bodies (%)	Primary	85%	5
SAN	4.4	Percentage of wastewater samples that passed the specified secondary treatment standards from the total samples collected in a year(%)	Primary	100%	6
SAN	4.5	Percentage of wastewater received at the treatment plant that is recycled or	Primary	22%	6

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
		reused after appropriate treatment for various purposes (%)			
SAN	4.6	Percentage of city sewage that is treated in a sewage treatment plant (%)	Secondary	94%	5
SAN	4.7	Percentage of industries complying with waste water treatment as per CPCB norms (%)	Secondary	-	-
SAN	4.8	Existence of FSSM Action plan or notified San-benchmarks, byelaws/ guidelines/ policy notes by the ULB/Development Authority	Secondary	Guidelines/policy/action plan prepared	6
SAN	4.9	Percentage of Public Toilets (PTs) mapped on Google Maps (%)	Tertiary	100%	6
SAN		Overall Sector A	Average Sco	re	5

#### Table 4.4: Sanitation

## 4.5. Solid Waste Management

There are 12 indicators in the framework to assess the state of solid waste management which includes the extent of scientific landfill sites, provision for treating hazardous waste and remediation of legacy waste in the city. Data for all 12 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
SWM	5.1	Percentage of city's wet waste processed (%)	Primary	91%	6
SWM	5.2	Percentage of the city's dry waste that is separated and classified for recycling/material recovery (%)	Primary	77%	6
SWM	5.3	Percentage of the city's solid waste that is used for energy recovery (incineration) or co-processing (%)	Primary	0%	6

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
SWM	5.4	Percentage of the city's municipal solid waste that is disposed off in open dumps / controlled dumps, water bodies / is burnt (%)	Primary	24%	5
SWM	5.5	Percentage of waste remediated in the city (%)	Primary	100%	6
SWM	5.6	Percentage of wards practicing source segregation of waste which is maintained till processing/ disposal site (%)	Secondary 100%		6
SWM	5.7	ICT based Monitoring Mechanism in place for: i) Ward wise Collection and Transportation (C&T) ii) Monitoring of Garbage Vulnerable Points (GVPs) iii) Attendance of Sanitation Staff	Secondary	Secondary 3	
SWM	5.8	Percentage of informal waste pickers integrated into sustainable SWM systems (%)	Secondary	100%	6
SWM	5.9	Percentage of C&D waste collected of the total C&D waste generated (%)	Secondary	100%	6
SWM	5.10	Percentage of hazardous waste processed (%)	Secondary	100%	6
SWM	5.11	Total solid waste generation per capita per day (kg/capita/day)	Tertiary	0.46	4
SWM	5.12	Percentage Coverage of wards under Door- To-Door Collection System (%)	Tertiary	100%	6
SWM		Overall Sector Aver	age Score		6

Table 4.5: Sol	id Waste	Management
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# 4.6. Transportation

There are 14 indicators in the transportation sector informing about the status of public transport coverage, quality, safety features, and invest in environmentally friendly

infrastructure by the ULB. Data for 9 out of 14 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
TR	6.1	Percentage of population within 500m distance to public transport stops (%)	Primary	39%	0
TR	6.2	Kilometres of bicycle path per 100,000 population (km)	Primary	0	0
TR	6.3	Percentage of major roads covered with footpath (footpath wider than 1.2 meters) within the city (%)	Primary	9%	0
TR	6.4	Rate of increase in public transportation ridership (%)	Primary	0%	3
TR	6.5	Percentage of shared vehicles that operate on clean fuels like CNG, LPG, biofuels or are hybrid or electric vehicles (%)	Primary	53%	6
TR	6.6	Road density (km/sqkm)	Primary	20.36	NA
TR	6.7	Average travel speed in major roads of the city (kmph)	Secondary	-	-
TR	6.8	Percentage share of NMT in commuting (cycling and walking) (%)	Secondary	-	-
TR	6.9	Street intersection density (intersections/ sqkm)	Secondary	1217.52	6
TR	6.10	Kilometres of road with public transit per 100,000 population (km)	Secondary	23.83	3
TR	6.11	Fatal and serious injuries in road accidents per lakh population (number)	Secondary	-	-
TR	6.12	Accessibility of differently-abled groups to Public Buses (%)	Secondary	-	-
TR	6.13	Workplace accessibility within 30 minutes of transit (%)	Tertiary	-	-
TR	6.14	Percentage of total area of ULB allocated to streets (%)	Tertiary	16%	1
TR		Overall Average Se	ctor Score		2

Table 4.6: Transportation

## 4.7. Social Facilities and Services

Out of the 11 indicators in the social facilities and services sector, 4 indicate about the demography, 5 are related to the health and 3 to the status of education in the city. Data for 6 out of 11 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
SCL	7.1	Percentage of population within 800m distance to healthcare facilities (public/private) (%)	Primary	59%	0
SCL	7.2	Percentage of females of ages 7 and above who are literate (%)	Primary	77%	3
SCL	7.3	Percentage of population within 800m distance to primary/secondary schools (public/private) (%)	Primary	100%	6
SCL	7.4	Change in decadal population growth rate (1991-2001 and 2001-2011) (%)	Secondary	-23%	NA
SCL	7.5	City Level Dependency Ratio (%)	Secondary	-	NA
SCL	7.6	Under-five mortality rate per 1000 births (number)	Secondary	-	-
SCL	7.7	Bed density in public and private hospitals (Hospital beds per 10,000 residents) (number)	Secondary	26.88	6
SCL	7.8	Percentage reduction in prevalence of vector borne diseases(malaria, dengue) over the previous year (%)	Secondary	-	-
SCL	7.9	Percentage reduction in prevalence of waterborne diseases (Diarrhoea, typhoid) over the previous year (%)	Secondary	-	-
SCL	7.1	Percentage of schools with Access to Digital Education (%)	Secondary	100%	NA
SCL	7.11	Percentage of mobile network, by 3G and 4G technology subscriptions (%)	Tertiary	-	-
SCL		Overall Sector Aver	age Score		4

Table 4.7: Social Facilities and Services

## 4.8. Environment and Ecology

With 18 indicators to examine whether ULBs have a clean air action plan, are equipped to measure the major pollutants, as well as disaggregate emissions data to the specific sectors, this is one of the most important sectors of USAF. Data for 16 out of 18 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
ENV	8.1	Clean Air Action Plan (Planning and Implementation)	Primary	Clean Air Action Plan and Pollutants Source Identification	3
ENV	8.2	Existence of a GHG emissions measurement system with a monitoring system (Y/N)	Primary; Aspirational	No	0
ENV	8.3	Total annual GHG emissions (MtCO2e)	Primary; Aspirational	1888582	NA
ENV	8.4	Proportion of Tree Cover to the total ULB area(%)	Primary	3%	0
ENV	8.5	Extent to which city is acting for protection, conservation and management of urban biodiversity	Primary	No action initiated	0
ENV	8.6	Number of structural and financial incentives for green buildings implemented (number)	Primary	One or two incentives	3
ENV	8.7	Annual mean Air Quality Index(AQI) (number)	Secondary	100	3
ENV	8.8	Annual CO2 equivalent (GHG) emissions per capita (MtCO2e/capita)	Secondary; Aspirational	1.73	NA
ENV	8.9	Annual CO2 equivalent emissions from the transportation sector (MtCO2e)	Secondary; Aspirational	303778	NA
ENV	8.10	Biochemical Oxygen Demand 3 day, 270C (mg/l)	Secondary	-	-
ENV	8.11	Area under ULB covered by trees per inhabitant (sqm per person)	Secondary	1.36	0

Code	No.	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
ENV	8.12	Is there a land use plan that includes zoning with environmental protection and preservation zones? (Y/N)	Secondary	Yes	6
ENV	8.13	Annual mean levels of PM10 (µg/m3)	Tertiary	55	3
ENV	8.14	Annual mean levels of PM2.5 (µg/m3)	Tertiary	21	3
ENV	8.15	Annual concentration of NO2 (µg/m3)	Tertiary	17.2	6
ENV	8.16	Average daily concentration of SO2 (µg/m3)	Tertiary	4.6	6
ENV	8.17	Total annual methane emissions (MtCO2e)	Tertiary; Aspirational	-	NA
ENV	8.18	Existence, monitoring and enforcement of regulations on noise pollution (Y/N)	Tertiary	Yes	6
ENV Overall Sector Average Score				3	

#### Table 4.8: Environment and Ecology

## 4.9. Clean Energy

There are 8 indicators in to assesses the current distribution network, coverage and stability, accessibility of households to natural gas for cooking, and current per capita consumption. Data for 3 out of 8 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	Number	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
CE	9.1	Percentage of the city's households using LPG/PNG for cooking (%)	Primary	-	-
CE	9.2	Percentage of total electrical energy in the city derived from renewable sources (%)	Primary	1%	0
CE	9.3	Proportion of population in the city who have access to renewable energy (%)	Primary; Aspirational	-	-
CE	9.4	Percentage of energy-efficient street lighting in the city (%)	Primary	100%	6

Code	Number	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
CE	9.5	Energy use per capita (kWh)	Primary	992.08	NA
CE	9.6	Percentage of the city's households with an authorized connection to electrical energy (%)	Secondary	-	-
CE	9.7	Do existing building codes consider eco- friendly techniques and/or the use of local/renewable material? (Y/N)	Secondary	Yes	6
CE	9.8	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI) (number)	Tertiary	-	-
CE		Overall Sector Average Score			4

Table 4.9: Clean Energy

## 4.10. Disaster Risk Management

There are 6 indicators to analyse the state of preparedness of the city in an event of natural disasters (flood, earthquakes and cyclones) and manmade disasters (incidence of fire). Data for all 6 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	Number	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
DRM	10.1	Presence of City Disaster Management Plan prepared / updated in last five years (Y/N)	Primary	Plan prepared before year 2016	3
DRM	10.2	Existence of hazard vulnerability maps/risk maps (at city level) prepared / updated in the last five years for the main hazards threatening the city (Y/N)	Primary	Maps prepared / updated in or after year 2016	6
DRM	10.3	Percentage of households at risk due to placement in areas of non-mitigable risk within the ULB (%)	Primary	48%	0
DRM	10.4	Percentage of buildings within 4km distance to fire service facility (%)	Primary	98%	5
DRM	10.5	Presence of hazard early warning systems linked with command control system.	Secondary	Presence of hazard early warning system linked to	6

Code	Number	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
				ULB command control system	
DRM	10.6	Existence of urban flood / water stagnation risk assessment and management plan	Secondary	3	6
DRM	Overall Sector Average Score				4

Table 4.10: Disaster Risk Management

## 4.11. Governance and Data Management

There are 14 indicators to analyse the extent to which the ULBs are effectively directing the planning and management of the City. Data for 13 out of 14 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	Number	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
GOV	11.1	Number of planners per capita (number)	Primary	3.09	6
GOV	11.2	Years since enforced master plan/development plan was last reviewed and updated (number of years)	Primary	14	0
GOV	11.3	Number of services being managed through command and control system in the ULB (eg: SCADA, ICCC etc) (number)	Primary	12	6
GOV	11.4	Number of functions being implemented by ULB out of 18 functions stipulated in the Twelfth schedule of Indian constitution (number)	Primary	All 18	6
GOV	11.5	Existence of Geographic information System (GIS) based Master Plan for the city	Primary	Absence of GIS base Master Plan	0
GOV	11.6	Environmental status report with action plans published by the ULB for the last three years	Secondary	No	0
GOV	11.7	Percentage of total staff trained during the year in any of the ULB functionary domains (%)	Secondary	-	-

Code	Number	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
GOV	11.8	Number of E-governance initiatives undertaken by the ULB: a. ULB website (Y/N) b. Online Public Service Delivery (Services provided online as a proportion of total Services provided) c. Online Public Service Delivery on Mobile (Services provided via mobile as a proportion of total Services provided) d. Online Grievance Redressal (number of grievances received online as a proportion of total grievances received) e. Online Grievance Redressal on Mobile (Services provided via mobile as a proportion of total Services provided)	Secondary	5	6
GOV	11.9	Local development control regulations and master plan / development plan are accessible completely through the web.	Secondary	Both available online	6
GOV	11.10	Number of stipulated committees in the ULB: 1) Municipal Committee/Council 2) Ward Committee 3) Metropolitan Planning Committee / District Planning Committee 4) Project Coordination /Monitoring Committee 5) Town Vending Committee (Street vendors) 6) Heritage Conservation Committee	Secondary	5	3
GOV	11.11	ULB's citizen charter and appeal mechanisms	Secondary	Exists offline and online	6
GOV	11.12	Presence of City data officer (Y/N)	Secondary	Yes	6
GOV	11.13	Proportion of Women councillors in Municipal Council (%)	Tertiary	53%	6
GOV	11.14	Digital Governance: Presence on Open Data Portal	Tertiary	Yes	6
GOV		Overall Sector Aver	age Score		4

Table 4.11: Governance and Data Management

## 4.12. Finance and Economy

Out of the total 19 indicators in this sector, 13 indicators are related to analysing the status of municipal finance in the city and the remaining 6 indicators suggest about the performance of the economic factors. Data for 14 out of 19 indicators has been collected for Vijayawada.

Code	Number	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
FIN	12.1	Credit rating of the ULB	Primary	Between BBB and A	3
FIN	12.2	Total property tax collected as a percentage of total property tax billed in the same financial year (%)	Primary	74%	4
FIN	12.3	Financial dependency: Percentage of grants received from central and state governments to total revenue (%)	Primary	36%	4
FIN	12.4	Growth rate of GDP per capita (%)	Primary	-	NA
FIN	12.5	Change in Own Source Revenue (number of years with OSR > 20%)	Secondary	5	6
FIN	12.6	Operating margin: Difference in revenue and expenditure in the financial year (INR in Lakhs)	Secondary	17395.78	6
FIN	12.7	Total cost of annual debt service as a percentage of expenditure (%)	Secondary	2%	NA
FIN	12.8	Percentage of debt/loans in overall budget allocation (%)	Secondary	15%	6
FIN	12.9	Properties covered under the tax net expressed as percentage of total properties within the municipality (%)	Secondary	100%	6
FIN	12.10	Efficiency of Capital expenditure spending: Actual capital expenditure spent expressed as a percentage of the budgeted capital expenditure in the financial year (%)	Secondary	18%	0
FIN	12.11	Cost Recovery in Water Supply: Total operating revenues expressed as a percentage of the total operating expenses	Secondary	48%	3

Code	Number	Indicator	Indicator Category	City Indicator Value	Indicator Performance
		incurred towards water supply services in the given financial year (%)			
FIN	12.12	Cost Recovery in Sanitation: Total operating revenues expressed as a percentage of the total operating expenses incurred towards sanitation services in the financial year (%)	Secondary	43%	2
FIN	12.13	Cost Recovery in Solid Waste Management: Total operating revenues expressed as a percentage of the total operating expenses incurred towards solid waste management services in the financial year (%)	Secondary	9%	0
FIN	12.14	Unemployment rate of persons of age 15 years and above (%)	Secondary	7%	4
FIN	12.15	Inequality Index based on Consumption Expenditure- Gini Coefficient (score)	Secondary	-	NA
FIN	12.16	Percentage of workforce employed in the service sector (%)	Secondary	-	NA
FIN	12.17	Total capital expenditure as percentage of total expenditure (%)	Tertiary	34%	5
FIN	12.18	GDP density as a percentage of the built- up area of the local government (%)	Tertiary	-	NA
FIN	12.19	Informal employment as percentage of total employment (%)	Tertiary	-	NA
FIN		Overall Sector Aver	age Score		4

Table 4.12: Finance and Economy

# 5. Highlights and Way Forward

The overall performance of Vijayawada is rated as "4 – upper medium performance" based on the data collected, with 3-Water, Sector 4- Sanitation, Sector 5- Solid Waste Management, scoring highest, and Sector 2-Housing and property, and Sector 6-Transportation, scoring lowest. (Figure 5.1). The average performance of each sector is represented using the 7-point colour gradient.<sup>1</sup>

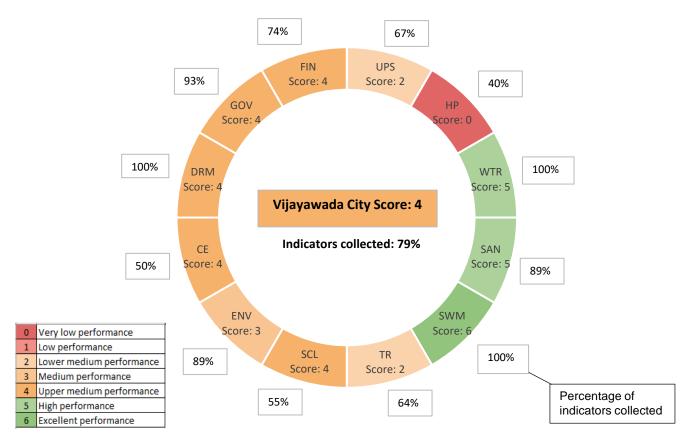


Figure 5.1: Average performance and percentage of indicators collected for all sectors

Amongst all the sectors, the highest five performing primary indicators are enlisted in Table 5.1 and the lowest five indicators in Table 5.2.<sup>2</sup>

Code	Number	Indicators	Indicator Category	Benchmark	Indicator Value
UPS	1.1	Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (%)	Primary	100%	100%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> It should be noted here that the performance of a sector may move in either direction if data points for more indicators were available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The highest and lowest primary performing indicators are determined by taking the difference between the benchmark and the indicator value. Some of the lowest performing indicators may emerge from the highest average performing sectors or vice-versa.

Code	Number	Indicators	Indicator Category	Benchmark	Indicator Value
WTR	3.2	Percentage of the city's solid waste that is used for energy recovery (incineration) or co-processing (%)	Primary	100%	100%
SAN	4.2	Presence of City Disaster Management Plan prepared / updated in last five years (Y/N)	Primary	100%	100%
SAN	4.4	Number of planners per capita (number)	Primary	100%	100%
CE	9.4	Financial dependency: Percentage of grants received from central and state governments to total revenue (%)	Primary	100%	100%

### Table 5.1: Highest performing primary indicators

Code	Number	Indicator	Indicator Category	Benchmark	Indicator Value
UPS	1.5	Open space (includes recreational space, organised green, other common open spaces) per capita (sqm/person)	Primary	12	3.83
TR	6.1	Percentage of population within 500m distance to public transport stops (%)	Primary	80%	39%
TR	6.2	Kilometres of bicycle path per 100,000 population (km)	Primary	25	0
TR	6.3	Percentage of major roads covered with footpath (footpath wider than 1.2 meters) within the city (%)	Primary	75%	9%
DRM	10.3	Percentage of households at risk due to placement in areas of non- mitigable risk within the ULB (%)	Primary	10%	48%

Table 5.2: Lowest performing primary indicators

Vijayawada Urban Sustainability Indicators Report is the foundation for an in-depth city profile, diagnostics and assessment for sustainable and resilient urban planning and management. Indicators are important input into the Urban Sustainability Assessment Framework (USAF), designed as a decision support tool for municipal commissioners, chief town planners, and urban practitioners to undertake evidence-based and spatially informed policy, regulatory, and granular development decisions. USAF methodology is documented in detail in Technical Document.

Regularly updated Urban Sustainability Indicators Report is crucial for identifying gaps and opportunities across the 12 sectors, thereby providing stronger impetus for master plan revision, preparing capital investment plans and development projects. Urban Sustainability Indicators Report can also be used for monitoring impact of policies and projects on local communities.

The Urban Sustainability Indicators Report is recommended to be prepared annually. In the future, VMC may customise its reporting based on relevant priority sectors at the time. The reporting framework is adaptable to meet the context of each city. However, it is recommended that cities report on all primary indicators and select from the menu of secondary and tertiary indicators. Public disclosure of data is encouraged to enable participation of community and other stakeholders in city's vision and development.

# 6. Annexures

# 6.1. List of Consultations

Means of engagement	Department	Name and Designation of official(s) attending	No. of indicators for discussion	Date	Location	Documentation
Tier 1 Stakeholders C	Consultations					
In-Person and joint video conference	VMC - Public Health / SWM	Dr. Geeta Bhai, Chief Medical Officer of Health VMC	12	08-12-2020 (Completed)	VMC CCC	Presentation and video recording
In-Person and joint video conference	VMC - Sanitation	Dr. Geeta Bhai, Chief Medical Officer of Health (CMOH), VMC	9	08-12-2020 (Completed)	VMC CCC	Presentation and discussion video recording
In-Person discussion	VMC - Education	Srinivas Rao, Deputy Education Officer, VMC	3	08-01-2021 (Completed)	VMC Office, Vijayawada	Signed Sheet
In-Person discussion	VMC - Town Planning	A. Ajay Kumar, Deputy City Planner, VMC	14	11-01-2021 (Completed)	VMC Office, Vijayawada	NA
In-Person discussion	VMC - Governance	Sarada Devi, Additional Commissioner (Projects) - SCIAP Nodal Officer	9	25-01-2021 (Completed)	VMC Office, Vijayawada	Signed Sheet and Photo
In-Person discussion	VMC - Engineering	Prabhakar Rao, Chief Engineer	20	27-01-2021 (Completed)	VMC Office, Vijayawada	Signed Sheet
In-Person discussion	VMC - Horticulture	J.Jyothi, Assistant Director Horticulture (ADH), VMC	8	28-01-2021 (Completed)	VMC Office, Vijayawada	Signed Sheet and Photo
In-Person discussion	VMC - Urban Community Development	Dr. Aruna, Project Officer	4	29-01-2021 (Completed)	VMC Office, Vijayawada	Signed Sheet
In-Person discussion	VMC - Accounts	K.Narasimha Murthy, Accounts Officer, VMC	16	29-01-2021 (Initiated)	VMC Office, Vijayawada	NA
Tele consultation	Amaravati Metropolitan Regional Development Authority (AMRDA)	Manoj Kumar, Associate Planner - Traffic & Transport Planning, AMRDA	15	08-01-2021 (Completed)	Tele consultation	NA
In-Person discussion	Amaravati Metropolitan Regional Development Authority (AMRDA)	K Dhanunjaya Reddy, Zonal Joint Director - Planning	13	22-01-2021 (Completed)	AMRDA Office	NA

Means of engagement	Department	Name and Designation of official(s) attending	No. of indicators for discussion	Date	Location	Documentation
In-Person discussion	Directorate of Town and Country Planning (DTCP)	Maqbool Ahmed, Assistant Director, DTCP	13	12-01-2021 (Completed)	DTCP Office, Mangalagiri	Signed Sheet
		A.K. Parida I.A.S(Retd), Chairman, APPCB				
In Darcon discussion	Andhra Pradesh Pollution Control	B.Siva Prasad, Chief Environmental Engineer,	10	21-01-2021	APPCB Vijayawada	NA
In-Person discussion	Board	B.Madhusudhana Rao, Joint Chief Environmental Engineer.	19	(Completed)	Head/Regional Office	NA
		Prasad, Junior Scientific Officer, APPCB				
In-Person and joint	Disaster Response	T Uday Kumar - Regional Fire Officer, Vijayawada		08-12-2020		
video conference	& Regional Fire Office	Srinivas Rao (DFO - Vijayawada)	6	(Completed)	VMC Command Control Centre	Presentation and Photo
In-Person and joint	AP State Disaster Management Authority	Abdul Sattar - City Coordinator, UNDP	6	08-12-2020	VMC Command Control Centre	Presentation and Photo
video conference	VMC - Disaster Cell	Srinivas (Project Manager) Revenue Dept - APSDMA		(Completed)		
In-Person discussion	Directorate of Economics and Statistics	Smt. V Prathima, Director, Directorate of Economics and Statistics	10	03-Feb-21	Directorate of Economics and Statistics Office, Gollapudi, Vijayawada	NA
In-Person discussion	Andhra Pradesh Central Power Distribution Corporation Limited (APCPDCL)	J.Sanjeeva Rao, Executive Engineer (Technical), APCPDCL	4	03-02-2021 (Completed)	Corporate office, Vijayawada	NA

# 6.2. Indicator Sheet with City Performance

The detailed methodology of evolution of the following indicators and explanation of the entire USAF process is documented in the USAF report. Details of each indicator including its calculation, formulation and performance evaluation levels is documented in the USAF technical manual report.

**Data requested:** Data has been requested from ULB or concerned departments and is awaited; **Data to be verified:** Input data yet to be verified from concerned officials; **Data not available**: Data not available for the city

					1. UR	BAN FORM,	PUBLIC SPACE AN	ID SAFET	Y						
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	City Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
UPS	1.1	Percentage of city roads covered with street lighting (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	100%	MPI (1.6.1)	The Twelfth schedule of Indian constitution; Pg.356 https://www.india.gov.i n/sites/upload_files/npi/f iles/coi-eng- schedules_1-12.pdf	<80%	80%- 83.9%	84%- 87.9%	88%- 91.9%	92%- 95.9%	96%- 99.9%	100%	6
UPS	1.2	Percentage change in the built- up area per capita in the city in between year 2000 and year 2014 (%)	Primary	Spatial	-11%	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA <sup>3</sup>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
UPS	1.3	Percentage of agriculture use area proposed for future developable uses in the Master Development Plan (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	There is no agricultura I land existing and in proposed ZDP	Expert recommended	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
UPS	1.4	Percentage of population within 500m distance to public park/open space (%)	Primary	Spatial	63%	NIF (11.7.1)	Source of distance of 500m: URDPFI, Vol 1, pg. 356 http://mohua.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/UR DPFI%20Guidelines%2 0Vol%201.pdf	<50%	50%- 55.9%	56%- 61.9%	62%- 67.9%	68%- 73.9%	74%- 79.9%	>=80%	3
UPS	1.5	Open space (includes recreational space, organised green, other common open spaces) per capita (sqm/person)	Primary	Non- spatial	3.83	CPI(4.1)	URDPFI, Vol 1, pg. 362 http://mohua.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/UR DPFI%20Guidelines%2 0Vol%201.pdf	<10sqm	10-10.3 sqm	10.4-10.7 sqm	10.8-11.1 sqm	11.2-11.5 sqm	11.6-11.9 sqm	>=12sqm	0
UPS	1.6	Percentage share of pedestrian fatalities in total fatalities (motorized/non-motorized transport) in road accident during a year (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	Expert recommended	SLBs for Urban Transport, Gol; Pg.35 <u>http://mohua.gov.in/upl</u> oad/uploadfiles/files/Ser vice_level.pdf Accidental deaths & suicides in India - 2019 (Statistics) - Table 1A.3;	>19.25%	19.25%- 15.3%	15.4%- 11.45%	11.55%- 7.6%	7.7%- 3.75%	3.85% 0.1%	0%	-

<sup>3</sup> NA in the 7-point scoring range and city score columns refers to 'Not Applicable' as descriptive indicators in USAF are not scored.

					1. UR	BAN FORM,	PUBLIC SPACE AN	ID SAFET	Y						
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
							National Crime Records Bureau https://ncrb.gov.in/sites/ default/files/adsi_report s_previous_year/Table- 1A.3_2019.pdf								
UPS	1.7	Percentage of recreational and open space (includes stadiums, theme parks, playgrounds, maidan) of total developable area (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	1%	Expert recommended	URDPFI, Vol 1, Pg 143 http://mohua.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/UR DPFI%20Guidelines%2 0Vol%201.pdf	<25%	25%- 26.9%	27%- 28.9%	29%- 30.9%	31%- 32.9%	33%- 34.9%	>=35%	0
UPS	1.8	Rating of safety standards of the city	Tertiary; Aspirational	Non- spatial	Data not available	EOLI (Perception Survey: 1.6)	Ease of living- Perception survey) (Pg. 34) <u>https://smartnet.niua.or</u> <u>g/eol19/pdf/EOL-2019-</u> Completed-Version.pdf	Poor	NA	NA	Fair	NA	NA	Good	-
UPS	1.9	Amount spent in operations and maintenance per square metre area of parks in the city by the ULB (INR per sqm)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	48.4	Expert recommended	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

						2. HOUS	ING AND PROPER	ΓY							
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
НР	2.1	Percentage of urban households living in slums/squatter settlements (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	29%	EOLI (1.3.4)	Handbook of urban statistics 2019, Pg. no: 24 <u>http://mohua.gov.in/pdf</u> / <u>5c80e2225a124Handb</u> <u>ook%20of%20Urban%</u> <u>20Statistics%202019.p</u> df	>27.5%	27.5%- 23.9%	24%- 20.4%	20.5%- 16.9%	17%- 13.4%	13.5%- 9.9%	<=10%	0
НР	2.2	Percentage of city area under slums/squatter settlements (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	15%	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
НР	2.3	Percentage of owner-occupied housing units to total housing units (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data not available	MDPI (3.6)	NA	<52.5%	52.5%- 57.9%	58%- 63.4%	63.5%- 68.9%	69%- 74.4%	74.5%- 79.9%	>=80%	-
НР	2.4	Percentage of households spending greater than 30 percent of their income on accommodation expenses (%)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	Data not available	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

						2. HOUS	ING AND PROPER	ΤY							
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
HP	2.5	Percentage of households living in one room (%)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	Data requested	CPI (1.5)	Handbook of urban statistics 2019 pg. no: 159 <u>http://mohua.gov.in/pdf</u> /5c80e2225a124Handb <u>ook%20of%20Urban%</u> 20Statistics%202019.p <u>df</u>	>80%	80%- 64.9%	65%- 49.9%	50%- 34.9%	35%- 19.9%	20%- 4.9%	<=5%	-

							3. WATER								
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	1 (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
WTR	3.1	Percentage of households with piped connection (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	90%	MPI (1.3.1)	Handbook of Service Level Benchmarking - CPHEEO; Pg. 23 http://cpheeo.qov.in/upload/u ploadfiles/files/Handbook.pdf C-WAS (Centre for Water and Sanitation) - Interactive Dash Borad for Water Supply (2018) https://www.pas.org.in/web/c eptpas/interactivedashboards? p_p_id=InteractiveDashboard 	<20%	20%- 35.9%	36%- 51.9%	52%- 67.9%	68%- 83.9%	84%- 99.9%	100%	5
WTR	3.2	Percentage of water samples in a year that comply with national potable water quality standards (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	100%	GPSC	Handbook of Service Level Benchmarking - CPHEEO; Pg. 33 <u>http://cpheeo.gov.in/upl</u> oad/uploadfiles/files/Ha ndbook.pdf	<90%	90%- 91.9%	92%- 93.9%	94%- 95.9%	96%- 97.9%	98%- 99.9%	100%	6
WTR	3.3	Existence of water resources assessment and management Plan prepared in the last five years	Primary	Non- spatial	Water Resource Managem ent (WRM) Plan is prepared with Short, Medium- and Long-	CSCAF (4.4: Indicator 1)	NA	No water resource assessment has been carried out	NA	NA	Assessment of current water resources along with future demand and water availability for at least five years	NA	NA	Water Resource Management (WRM) Plan is prepared with Short, Medium- and Long-Term Actions	6

							3. WATER								
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
					Term Actions										
WTR	3.4	Extent of Non-Revenue Water (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	27%	CSCAF (4.4: Indicator 2)	Handbook of Service Level Benchmarking - CPHEEO; Pg. 28 http://cpheeo.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/Ha ndbook.pdf	>40%	40%- 35.9%	36%- 31.9%	32%- 27.9%	28%- 23.9%	24%- 19.9%	<=20%	4
WTR	3.5	Water supply per capita (LPCD)	Secondary	Non- spatial	180	MPI (1.3.2)	Handbook of Service Level Benchmarking - CPHEEO; Pg. 25 http://cpheeo.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/Ha ndbook.pdf	<135 lpcd	135-137.9 lpcd	138-140.9 lpcd	141-143.9 lpcd	144-146.9 lpcd	147-149.9 lpcd	>=150 lpcd	6
WTR	3.6	Extent of metering of water supply connections (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	8%	MPI (1.3.3)	Handbook of Service Level Benchmarking - CPHEEO; Pg. 27 http://cpheeo.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/Ha ndbook.pdf	<20%	20%- 35.9%	36%- 51.9%	52%- 67.9%	68%- 83.9%	84%- 99.9%	100%	0

	4. SANITATION														
			Primary/		Turns of City Source Source of Threshold /				ange						
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	0 (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
SAN	4.1	Percentage of properties in the ULB connected to sewerage network (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	92%	MPI (1.4.6)	Handbook of Service Level Benchmarking - CPHEEO; Pg. 42 http://cpheeo.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/Ha ndbook.pdf C-WAS (Centre for Water and Sanitation) - Interactive Dashboard for Sanitation (2018) https://www.pas.org.in/ web/ceptpas/interactive dashboards?p_p_id=Int eractiveDashboard_WA R_Portal&p_p_lifecycle= 1&p_p_state=normal&p p_mode=view&p_p_co I_id=column- 1&p_p_col_count=1∾ tionVal=Retrieve&SkipA ccessChecking=false	<80%	80%- 83.9%	84%- 87.9%	88%- 91.9%	92%- 95.9%	96%- 99.9%	100%	3

	4. SANITATION														
			Primary/							7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	City Indicator Value	Source Reference Framework	Source of Threshold / National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
SAN	4.2	Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	100%	NIF (6.2.1)	Handbook of Service Level Benchmarking - CPHEEO; Pg. 40 <u>http://cpheeo.gov.in/upl</u> oad/uploadfiles/files/Ha ndbook.pdf Swachh Bharat Mission - Urban ODF <u>https://swachhodfurban</u> .org/	<90%	90%- 91.9%	92%- 93.9%	94%- 95.9%	96%- 97.9%	98%- 99.9%	100%	6
SAN	4.3	Percentage of sewage treated before discharge into surface water bodies (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	85%	NIF (6.3.1)	Handbook of Service Level Benchmarking - CPHEEO; Pg. 46 <u>http://cpheeo.gov.in/upl</u> <u>oad/uploadfiles/files/Ha</u> <u>ndbook.pdf</u>	<20%	20%- 35.9%	36%- 51.9%	52%- 67.9%	68%- 83.9%	84%- 99.9%	100%	5
SAN	4.4	Percentage of wastewater samples that passed the specified secondary treatment standards from the total samples collected in a year(%)	Primary	Non- spatial	92%	Expert recommended	Handbook of Service Level Benchmarking - CPHEEO; Pg. 49 <u>http://cpheeo.gov.in/upl</u> <u>oad/uploadfiles/files/Ha</u> ndbook.pdf	<70%	70%- 75.9%	76%- 81.9%	82%- 87.9%	88%- 93.9%	94%- 99.9%	100%	6
SAN	4.5	Percentage of wastewater received at the treatment plant that is recycled or reused after appropriate treatment for various purposes (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	100%	CSCAF (4.4: Indicator 3)	Handbook of Service Level Benchmarking - CPHEEO; Pg. 51 http://cpheeo.gov.in/upl oad/upload files/files/Handbook.pdf C-WAS (Centre for Water and Sanitation) - Interactive Dashboard for Sanitation (2018) https://www.pas.org.in/ web/ceptpas/interactive dashboards?p_p_id=Int eractiveDashboard_WA R_Portal&p_p_lifecycle= 1&p_p_state=normal&p _p_mode=view&p_p_co I_id=column- 1&p_p_col_count=1∾ tionVal=Retrieve&SkipA ccessChecking=false Climate Smart City Assessment Framework Pg. 47	<10%	10%- 11.9%	12%- 13.9%	14%- 15.9%	16%- 17.9%	18%- 19.9%	>=20%	6

	4. SANITATION														
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator		Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
SAN	4.6	Percentage of city sewage that is treated in a sewage treatment plant (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	85%	MPI (1.4.5)	Municipal Performance Index Pg. 38 <u>https://smartnet.niua.or</u> <u>g/eol19/pdf/MPI_Metho</u> <u>dology.pdf</u> Table: State-wise details of sewage generation in urban areas and treatment capacity available; National status of wastewater generation & treatment <u>http://www.sulabhenvis</u> <u>.nic.in/Database/STST_w</u> astewater_2090.aspx	<20%	20%- 35.9%	36%- 51.9%	52%- 67.9%	68%- 83.9%	84%- 99.9%	100%	5
SAN	4.7	Percentage of industries complying with waste water treatment as per CPCB norms (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	92%	Expert recommended	NA	<80%	80%- 83.9%	84%- 87.9%	88%- 91.9%	92%- 95.9%	96%- 99.9%	100%	-
SAN	4.8	Existence of FSSM Action plan or notified San-benchmarks, byelaws/ guidelines/ policy notes by the ULB/Development Authority	Secondary	Non- spatial	100%	SS 2020 (3.1)	NA	No guidelines/ policy/actio n plan prepared	NA	NA	Work under progress	NA	NA	Guidelines/ policy/actio n plan prepared	6
SAN	4.9	Percentage of Public Toilets (PTs) mapped on Google Maps (%)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	85%	SS 2020 (3.8)	Swachh Bhasrat Mission Urban <u>http://sbmtoilet.org/bac</u> <u>kend/web/index.php?r=</u> <u>site%2Flogin</u>	<80%	80%- 83.9%	84%- 87.9%	88%- 91.9%	92%- 95.9%	96%- 99.9%	100%	6

	5. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT														
			Primary/		City	Source Source of Threshold / 7 Point Scoring Range									
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
SWM	5.1	Percentage of city's wet waste processed (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	91%	CSCAF (4.5: Indicator 4)	PIB - Swacch Survekshan 2020 <u>https://pib.gov.in/PressR</u> <u>eleasePage.aspx?PRID=</u> <u>1598072</u>	<40%	40%- 45.9%	46%- 51.9%	52%- 57.9%	58%- 63.9%	64%- 69.9%	>=70%	6
SWM	5.2	Percentage of the city's dry waste that is separated and classified for recycling/material recovery (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	77%	SS 2020 (2.3)	PIB - Swacch Survekshan 2020 <u>https://pib.gov.in/PressR</u> <u>eleasePage.aspx?PRID=</u> <u>1598072</u>	<40%	40%- 43.9%	44%- 47.9%	48%- 51.9%	52%- 55.9%	56%- 59.9%	>=60%	6
SWM	5.3	Percentage of the city's solid waste that is used for energy	Primary	Non- spatial	0%	Expert Recommended	https://datatopics.world bank.org/what-a- waste/trends_in_solid_	>10%	10%- 8.9%	9%-7.9%	8%-6.9%	7%-5.9%	6%-4.9%	<=5%	6

	5. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT														
			Primary/							7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	City Indicator Value	Source Reference Framework	Source of Threshold / National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
		recovery (incineration) or co- processing (%)					waste_management.ht ml								
SWM	5.4	Percentage of the city's municipal solid waste that is disposed off in open dumps / controlled dumps, water bodies / is burnt (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	24%	Expert Recommended	Annual report 2017-18 on solid waste management; Available at <u>https://cpcb.nic.in/uploads/</u> <u>MSW/MSW_AnnualReport</u> <u>2017-18.pdf</u> Global waste disposal in open dumpsites <u>https://datatopics.worldba</u> <u>nk.org/what-a-</u> waste/trends_in_solid_was te_management.html	>50%	50%- 43.9%	44%- 37.9%	38%- 31.9%	32%- 25.9%	26%- 19.9%	<=20%	5
SWM	5.5	Percentage of waste remediated in the city (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	100%	SS 2020 (2.7)	NA	<40%	40%- 50.9%	51%- 61.9%	62%- 72.9%	73%- 83.9%	84%- 94.9%	>=95%	6
SWM	5.6	Percentage of wards practicing source segregation of waste which is maintained till processing/ disposal site (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	100%	SS 2020 (1.2)	(SS 2020 results, Pg. 15) https://www.swachhsurve kshan2020.org/ImpDocs/S S2020fullreport.pdf	<20%	20%- 25.9%	26%- 31.9%	32%- 37.9%	38%- 43.9%	44%- 49.9%	>=50%	6
SWM	5.7	ICT based Monitoring Mechanism in place for: i) Ward wise Collection and Transportation (C&T) ii) Monitoring of Garbage Vulnerable Points (GVPs) iii) Attendance of Sanitation Staff	Secondary	Non- spatial	3	SS 2020 (1.3)	NA	If 0 ICT Based Monitoring mechanis ms	NA	NA	If 1 or 2 ICT Based Monitoring mechanis ms	NA	NA	If all 3 ICT Based Monitoring mechanis ms	6
SWM	5.8	Percentage of informal waste pickers integrated into sustainable SWM systems (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	100%	SS 2020 (1.4)	NA	<60%	60%- 63.9%	64%- 67.9%	68%- 71.9%	72%- 75.9%	76%- 79.9%	>=80%	6
SWM	5.9	Percentage of C&D waste collected of the total C&D waste generated (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	100%	SS 2020 (2.6)	NA	<60%	60%- 66.9%	67%- 73.9%	74%- 80.9%	81%- 87.9%	88%- 94.9%	>=95%	6
SWM	5.10	Percentage of hazardous waste processed (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	100%	SS 2020 (2.5)	CPCB Annual Report 2018-19; https://cpcb.nic.in/open pdffile.php?id=UmVwb 3J0RmlsZXMvMTExOV8 xNTk3MDM3NTM0X211 ZGlhcGhvdG8xOTY1Ni5 wZGY=	<50%	50%- 53.9%	54%- 57.9%	58%- 61.9%	62%- 65.9%	66%- 69.9%	>=70%	6
SWM	5.11	Total solid waste generation per capita per day (kg/capita/day)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	0.46	SS 2020 (2.1)	Swacch Bharta Mission, Part II Manual (2016) Pg 83; World Bank https://datatopics.world bank.org/what-a- waste/trends_in_solid_ waste_management.ht ml http://mohua.gov.in/upl	>1.1	1.1-0.89	0.9-0.69	0.7-0.49	0.5-0.29	0.3-0.01	<=0.11	4

	5. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT														
			Primary/		City	Sourco	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	7 Point Scoring Range	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	City Indicator Value	cator Reference National Average / 0 1 2 (Very low (Low (Low (Low (Low (	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score				
							oad/uploadfiles/files/Par t2.pdf								
SWM	5.12	Percentage Coverage of wards under Door-To-Door Collection System (%)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	100%	MPI (1.4.1)	PIB - Swacch Survekshan 2020 <u>https://pib.gov.in/PressR</u> <u>eleasePage.aspx?PRID=</u> <u>1598071</u>	<60%	60%- 67.1%	67.2%- 74.3%	74.4%- 81.5%	81.6%- 88.7%	88.8%- 95.9%	>=96%	6

	6. TRANSPORTATION														
-			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
TR	6.1	Proportion of population with access to public transport with in 500m (%)	Primary	Spatial	39%	GPSC	SLB in Urban Transport, pg no: 12 http://mohua.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/Vo ulmel_Methodologyrep ort_final03.pdf	<60%	60%- 63.9%	64%- 67.9%	68%- 71.9%	72%- 75.9%	76%- 79.9%	>=80%	0
TR	6.2	Kilometres of bicycle path per 100,000 population (km)	Primary	Non- spatial	0.00	GPSC	Green cities programme methodology, pg no: 80 <u>https://www.ebrd.com/</u> <u>documents/technical-</u> <u>cooporation/green-city-</u> <u>action-plan-in-</u> <u>tirana.pdf</u>	<15 km	15-16.9 km	17-18.9 km	19-20.9 km	21-22.9 km	23-24.9 km	>=25 km	0
TR	6.3	Percentage of major roads covered with footpath (footpath wider than 1.2 meters) within the city (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	9%	GPSC	Urban transportation SLB 2B, pg no: 68 <u>https://smartnet.niua.or</u> <u>g/sites/default/files/reso</u> <u>urces/SLB%202B.pdf</u>	<50%	50%- 54.9%	55%- 59.9%	60%- 64.9%	65%- 69.9%	70%- 74.9%	>=75%	0
TR	6.4	Rate of increase in public transportation ridership (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	0%	Expert recommended	NA	Negative year on year ridership change	NA	NA	No change in ridership	NA	NA	Positive year on year ridership change	3
TR	6.5	Percentage of shared vehicles that operate on clean fuels like CNG, LPG, biofuels or are hybrid or electric vehicles (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	53%	CSCAF (4.3: Indicator 1)	Climate Smart Cities Assessment Framework 2.0, Pg. 36 <u>https://www.niua.org/cs</u> <u>c/assets/pdf/CSCAF_2_B</u> <u>ooklet.pdf</u>	<5%	5%-8.9%	9%- 12.9%	13%- 16.9%	17%- 20.9%	21%- 24.9%	>=25%	6
TR	6.6	Road density (km/sqkm)	Primary	Non- spatial	20.36	MPI (1.6.4)	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

						6. TR	ANSPORTATION								
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	City Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
TR	6.7	Average travel speed in major roads of the city (kmph)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	GPSC	SLB in Urban Transport, pg. no: 29 <u>http://mohua.gov.in/upl</u> <u>oad/uploadfiles/files/Vo</u> <u>ulmel_Methodologyrep</u> ort_final03.pdf	<16 kmph	16-16.7 kmph	16.8-17.5 kmph	17.6-18.3 kmph	18.4-19.1 kmph	19.2-19.9 kmph	>=20 kmph	-
TR	6.8	Percentage share of NMT in commuting (cycling and walking) (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	Expert recommended	UNCRD Mobility and NMT in Sustainable Urban Transport Development, Pg. 23 <u>https://www.uncrd.or.jp</u> /content/documents/69 <u>88Background%20Pap</u> <u>er%20for%20EST%20</u> <u>Plenary%20Session%2</u> <u>05-</u> <u>11th%20Regiona%20E</u> <u>ST%20Forum.pdf</u>	<15%	15%- 18.5%	18.6%- 22.1%	22.2%- 25.7%	25.8%- 29.3%	29.4%- 32.9%	>=33%	-
TR	6.9	Street intersection density (intersections/sqkm)	Secondary	Non- spatial	1218	CPI (5.1)	Economic Foundations for Sustainable Urbanization, UN- Habitat, Pg 37 <u>https://unhabitat.org/sit</u> <u>es/default/files/downloa</u> <u>d-manager-</u> <u>files/3PA_Second%20E</u> <u>dition_ForWeb.pdf</u>	Less than 75 intersectio ns	NA	NA	Between 75 and 100 intersectio ns	NA	NA	Greater than 100 intersectio ns	6
TR	6.10	Kilometres of road with public transit per 100,000 population (km)	Secondary	Non- spatial	23.83	GPSC	Green cities programme methodology, pg no: 80 <u>https://www.ebrd.com/ documents/technical- cooporation/green-city- action-plan-in- tirana.pdf</u>	Less than 10 km	NA	NA	Between 10km and 40 km	NA	NA	Greater than 40 km	3
TR	6.11	Fatal and serious injuries in road accidents per lakh population (number)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	GPSC	SLB in Urban Transport, pg : 32 ( <u>http://mohua.gov.in/up</u> <u>load/uploadfiles/files/Vo</u> <u>ulmel_Methodologyrep</u> <u>ort_final03.pdf</u> )	>6	6-4.7	4.8-3.5	3.6-2.3	2.4-1.1	1.20.1	0	-
TR	6.12	Accessibility of differently abled groups to Public Buses (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	Expert recommended	SLB in Urban Transport, pg : 26 ( <u>http://mohua.gov.in/up</u> <u>load/uploadfiles/files/Vo</u> <u>ulmel_Methodologyrep</u> <u>ort_final03.pdf</u> )	<25%	25%- 34.9%	35%- 44.9%	45%- 54.9%	55%- 64.9%	65%- 74.9%	>=75%	-
TR	6.13	Workplace accessibility within 30 minutes of transit (%)	Tertiary; Aspirational	Spatial	Data requested	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

						6. TR	ANSPORTATION								
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
TR	6.14	Percentage of total area of ULB allocated to streets (%)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	16%	CPI (5.3)	Economic Foundations for Sustainable Urbanization, UN- Habitat, Pg 74 <u>https://unhabitat.org/sit</u> <u>es/default/files/downloa</u> <u>d-manager-</u> <u>files/3PA_Second%20E</u> <u>dition_ForWeb.pdf</u>	<15%	15%- 17.9%	18%- 20.9%	21%- 23.9%	24%- 26.9%	27%- 29.9%	>=30%	1

					7	. SOCIAL FA	<b>ACILITIES AND SER</b>	VICES							
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
SCL	7.1	Percentage of population within 800m distance to healthcare facilities (public/private) (%)	Primary	Spatial	59%	GPSC	URDPFI, Vol 1, Pg. 356 http://mohua.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/UR DPFI%20Guidelines%2 OVol%201.pdf	<80%	80%- 82.9%	83%- 85.9%	86%- 88.9%	89%- 91.9%	92%- 94.9%	>=95%	0
SCL	7.2	Percentage of females of ages 7 and above who are literate (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	77%	GPSC	NSS 75th round social consumption on education report Year: 2017-18 Page 52 of 1504 <u>http://mospi.nic.in/sites/ default/files/publication _reports/Report_585_7 5th_round_Education_fi nal_1507_0.pdf</u>	<55%	55%- 63.9%	64%- 72.9%	73%- 81.9%	82%- 90.9%	91%- 99.9%	100%	3
SCL	7.3	Percentage of population within 800m distance to primary/secondary schools (public/private) (%)	Primary	Spatial	100%	MDPI (2.4)	URDPFI, Vol I, pg. 357 http://mohua.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/UR DPFI%20Guidelines%2 0Vol%201.pdf	<80%	80%- 82.9%	83%- 85.9%	86%- 88.9%	89%- 91.9%	92%- 94.9%	>=95%	6
SCL	7.4	Change in decadal population growth rate (1991-2001 and 2001-2011) (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	-23%	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SCL	7.5	City Level Dependency Ratio (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SCL	7.6	Under-five mortality rate per 1000 births (number)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	GPSC	THE 2030 AGENDA SDG Goal 3.3, Pg. 20 (https://sustainabledevel opment.un.org/content/ documents/21252030 %20Agenda%20for%2	>47.5	47.5-42.9	43-38.4	38.5-33.9	34-29.4	29.5-24.9	<=25	-

					7	. SOCIAL FA	ACILITIES AND SER	VICES							
			Primary/							7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	City Indicator Value	Source Reference Framework	Source of Threshold / National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
SCL	7.7	Bed density in public and private hospitals (Hospital beds per 10,000 residents) (number)	Secondary	Non- spatial	26.87	ESCI (Q.2)	OSustainable%20Devel opment%20web.pdf) (https://www.niti.gov.in /niti/content/under-5- mortality-rate-u-5mr- 1000-live-births) World Bank database (https://data.worldbank. org/indicator/SH.DYN.M ORT?locations=IN) EoL, Section 1.2.4, Pg. 45 https://smartnet.niua.or g/eol19/pdf/EOL-2019-	<15	15-16.9	17-18.9	19-20.9	21-22.9	23-24.9	>=25	6
SCL	7.8	Percentage reduction in prevalence of vector borne diseases(malaria, dengue) over the previous year (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	Expert recommended	greating/pdi/EOE-2019-Completed-Version.pdfhttps://www.who.int/docs/default-source/searo/india/health-topic-pdf/vbd-fact-sheets.pdf?sfvrsn=c1908b04_2#:~:text=Important%20vector%2Dborne%20disease%20for,Family%20Welfare%2C%20Government%20of%20Indiahttps://www.intechopen.com/books/public-health-in-developing-countries-challenges-and-opportunities/innovations-in-vector-borne-disease-control-in-indiahttps://nvbdcp.gov.in/index1.php?lang=1&level=1&sublinkid=5776&lid=3690https://main.mohfw.gov.in/sites/default/files/5201617.pdf	<25%	25%- 29.9%	30%- 34.9%	35%- 39.9%	40%- 44.9%	45%- 49.9%	>=50%	-
SCL	7.9	Percentage reduction in prevalence of waterborne diseases (Diarrhoea, typhoid) over the previous year (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	Expert recommended	https://www.who.int/ch olera/publications/globa l-roadmap.pdf	<5%	5%-7.9%	8%- 10.9%	11%- 13.9%	14%- 16.9%	17%- 19.9%	>=20%	-
SCL	7.10	Percentage of schools with Access to Digital Education (%)	Secondary; Aspirational	Non- spatial	100%	EOLI (1.1.7)	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

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					7	. SOCIAL FA	<b>ACILITIES AND SER</b>	VICES							
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Poi	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
SCL	7.11	Percentage of mobile network, by 3G and 4G technology subscriptions (%)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	Data not available	GPSC	NA	<80%	80%- 82.9%	83%- 85.9%	86%- 88.9%	89%- 91.9%	92%- 94.9%	>=95%	-

						8. ENVIRON	IMENT AND ECOL	OGY							
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
ENV	8.1	Clean Air Action Plan (Planning and Implementation)	Primary	Non- Spatial	Clean Air Action Plan and Pollutants Source Identificati on	CSCAF (4.3: Indicator 5)	Climate Smart City Assessment Framework, Pg. 41-42 <u>https://csc.urban-</u> <u>industrial.in/hrdpmp/ige</u> <u>p-</u> <u>uid/content/e5170/e625</u> <u>8/e10222/e10224/CSC</u> <u>AF_2_Booklet.pdf</u>	No Air Pollutant Monitoring Clean Air Action Plan in the city	NA	NA	Clean Air Action Plan and Pollutants Source Identificati on	NA	NA	Assessing impacts of Clean Air Action Pla n implement ation	3
ENV	8.2	Existence of a GHG emissions measurement system with a monitoring system (Y/N)	Primary; Aspirational	Non- Spatial	No	GPSC	NA	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes	0
ENV	8.3	Total annual GHG emissions (MtCO2e)	Primary; Aspirational	Non- Spatial	1888582	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENV	8.4	Proportion of Tree Cover to the total ULB area(%)	Primary	Spatial	3%	EOLI (3.1.2)	National Institute of Environmental Studies (NIES) <u>http://cdn.narendramod</u> <u>i.in/ebooks/other-</u> <u>ebooks1/tree_cover_in_</u> <u>urban_area/files/assets/</u> <u>basic-</u> html/index.html#22	<5%	5%-5.9%	6%-6.9%	7%-7.9%	8%-8.9%	9%-9.9%	>=10%	0
ENV	8.5	Extent to which city is acting for protection, conservation and management of urban biodiversity	Primary	Non- Spatial	No	CSCAF (4.2: Indicator 3)	Climate Smart City Assessment Framework, pg. 30-31 https://csc.urban- industrial.in/hrdpmp/ige p- uid/content/e5170/e625 8/e10222/e10224/CSC AF_2_Booklet.pdf	No action initiated	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Implement ation of actions	0
ENV	8.6	Number of structural and financial incentives for green buildings implemented (number)	Primary	Non- Spatial	One or two incentives	EOLI (3.2.2)	Government Incentives to IGBC-rated Green Building Projects <u>https://igbc.in/igbc/redir</u> <u>ectHtml.htm?redVal=sh</u> <u>owGovtIncentivesnosig</u> n#:~:text=Some%20of	No incentives	NA	NA	One or two incentives	NA	NA	All three incentives	3

						8. ENVIRON	IMENT AND ECOL	OGY							
			Primary/							7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	City Indicator Value	Source Reference Framework	Source of Threshold / National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
							%20the%20Central%2 Oand,to%20IGBCs'%2 OGreen%20Rating%20 Systems.&text=The%20 Ministry%20of%20Envi ronment%2C%20Fores t,Precertified%2F%20Pr ovisionally%20Certified %20by%20IGBC								
ENV	8.7	Annual mean Air Quality Index(AQI) (number)	Secondary	Non- Spatial	100	EOLI (3.1.5)	NA	Greater than 300	NA	NA	Between 101 and 300	NA	NA	Less than 100	3
ENV	8.8	Annual CO2 equivalent (GHG) emissions per capita (MtCO2e/capita)	Secondary; Aspirational	Non- Spatial	1.73	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENV	8.9	Annual CO2 equivalent emissions from the transportation sector (MtCO2e)	Secondary; Aspirational	Non- Spatial	303778	Expert Recommended	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENV	8.10	Biochemical Oxygen Demand 3 day, 270C (mg/l)	Secondary	Non- Spatial	Data not available	Expert Recommended	https://pib.gov.in/PressR eleasePage.aspx?PRID= 1602631	Greater than 6 mg/l	NA	NA	Between 3 and 6 mg/l	NA	NA	Less than 3 mg/l	-
ENV	8.11	Area under ULB covered by trees per inhabitant (sqm per person)	Secondary	Non- Spatial	1.36	Expert Recommended	National Institute of Environmental Studies (NIES) <u>https://cdn.narendramo</u> <u>di.in/ebooks/other-</u> <u>ebooks1/tree_cover_in_</u> <u>urban_area/files/assets/</u> basic-html/page22.html	Less than 10 sqm	NA	NA	Between 10 sqm and 15 sqm	NA	NA	Greater than 15 sqm	0
ENV	8.12	Is there a land use plan that includes zoning with environmental protection and preservation zones? (Y/N)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Yes	GPSC	NA	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes	6
ENV	8.13	Annual mean levels of PM10 (µg/m3)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	55	NIF (11.6.2)	Revised National Ambient Air Quality Standards, Pg 1-2 <u>https://cpcb.nic.in/displa</u> <u>ypdf.php?id=aG9tZS9h</u> <u>aXItcG9sbHV0aW9uL1JI</u> <u>Y3ZIZC10YXRpb25hbC</u> <u>5wZGY=</u> WHO: <u>https://www.who.int/ne</u> <u>ws-room/fact-</u> <u>sheets/detail/ambient-</u> <u>(outdoor)-air-quality-</u> <u>and-health</u>	Greater than 60 µg/m3	NA	NA	Between 60 µg/m3 and 20 µg/m3	NA	NA	Less than 20 µg/m3	3
ENV	8.14	Annual mean levels of PM2.5 (µg/m3)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	21	NIF (11.6.2)	Revised National Ambient Air Quality Standards, Pg 1-2	Greater than 40 µg/m3	NA	NA	Between 40 µg/m3	NA	NA	Less than 10 µg/m3	3

						8. ENVIRON	MENT AND ECOL	OGY							
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
							https://cpcb.nic.in/displa ypdf.php?id=aG9tZS9h aXltcG9sbHV0aW9uL1JI Y3ZIZC1OYXRpb25hbC 5wZGY= WHO: https://www.who.int/ne ws-room/fact- sheets/detail/ambient- (outdoor)-air-quality- and-health				and 10 µg/m3				
ENV	8.15	Annual concentration of NO2 (µg/m3)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	17.2	GPSC	Revised National Ambient Air Quality Standards, pg. 1 <u>https://cpcb.nic.in/displa</u> <u>ypdf.php?id=aG9tZS9h</u> <u>aXltcG9sbHV0aW9uL1JI</u> <u>Y3ZIZC10YXRpb25hbC</u> <u>5wZGY=</u> WHO: <u>https://www.who.int/ne</u> <u>ws-room/fact-</u> <u>sheets/detail/ambient-</u> <u>(outdoor)-air-quality-</u> and-health	Greater than 80 µg/m3	NA	NA	Between 80 µg/m3 and 40 µg/m3	NA	NA	Less than 40 µg/m3	6
ENV	8.16	Average daily concentration of SO2 (µg/m3)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	4.6	GPSC	Revised National Ambient Air Quality Standards, pg. 1 https://cpcb.nic.in/displa ypdf.php?id=aG9tZS9h aXItcG9sbHV0aW9uL1JI Y3ZIZC10YXRpb25hbC 5wZGY= WHO: https://www.who.int/ne ws-room/fact- sheets/detail/ambient- (outdoor)-air-quality- and-health	Greater than 80 µg/m3	NA	NA	Between 80 µg/m3 and 20 µg/m3	NA	NA	Less than 20 µg/m3	6
ENV	8.17	Total annual methane emissions (MtCO2e)	Tertiary; Aspirational	Non- spatial	Data not available	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENV	8.18	Existence, monitoring and enforcement of regulations on noise pollution (Y/N)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	Yes	ESCI (G.1)	NA	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes	6

						9. (	CLEAN ENERGY								
			Primary/		<b>C</b> 1					7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	City Indicator Value	Source Reference Framework	Source of Threshold / National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	2 (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
CE	9.1	Percentage of the city's households using LPG/PNG for cooking (%)s	Primary	Non- spatial	Data requested	EOLI (3.1.3)	Drinking water, Sanitation, Hygiene & Housing Conditions in India, Pg 195 <u>http://mospi.nic.in/sites/</u> <u>default/files/NSS7612d</u> <u>ws/Report_584_final.pd</u> f	<67%	67%- 73.5%	73.6%- 80.1%	80.2%- 86.7%	86.8%- 93.3%	93.4%- 99.9%	100%	-
CE	9.2	Percentage of total electrical energy in the city derived from renewable sources (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	0.79%	CSCAF (4.1: Indicator 2)	Renewable energy consumption - The World Bank (% of total final energy consumption) <u>https://data.worldbank.</u> <u>org/indicator/EG.FEC.RN</u> <u>EW.ZS</u>	<5%	5%-6.9%	7%-8.9%	9%- 10.9%	11%- 12.9%	13%- 14.9%	>=15%	0
CE	9.3	Proportion of population in the city who have access to renewable energy (%)s	Primary; Aspirational	Non- spatial	Data requested	GPSC	Population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies Data by country - World Health Organisation <u>https://apps.who.int/gh</u> <u>o/data/view.main.SDGF</u> <u>UELS712v</u>	<10%	10%- 22.9%	23%- 35.9%	36%- 48.9%	49%- 61.9%	62%- 74.9%	>=75%	-
CE	9.4	Percentage of energy-efficient street lighting in the city (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	100%	CSCAF (4.1: Indicator 1)	Street Light National Programme (SLNP), Gol https://slnp.eeslindia.or g/ https://vikaspedia.in/ene rgy/policy- support/energy- efficiency/street-light- national- programme#:~:text=Str eet%20Light%20Natio nal%20Programme%2 Ois,energy%20efficienc y%20in%20the%20co untry.&text=The%20Na tional%20Programme %20has%20been,with %20energy%20efficien t%20LED%20lights	<25%	25%- 39.9%	40%- 54.9%	55%- 69.9%	70%- 84.9%	85%- 99.9%	100%	6
CE	9.5	Energy use per capita (kWh)	Primary	Non- spatial	992.07	Expert Recommended	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-
CE	9.6	Percentage of the city's households with an authorized connection to electrical energy (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	EOLI (1.3.1)	Access to Electricity - Urban, The World Bank <u>https://data.worldbank.</u> org/indicator/EG.ELC.A <u>CCS.UR.ZS</u>	<99.25%	99.25%- 99.3%	99.4%- 99.45%	99.55%- 99.6%	99.7%- 99.75%	99.85%- 99.9%	100%	-

						9. C	LEAN ENERGY								
Code	Number	Indicator	Primary/ Secondary/	Type of	City Indicator	Source Reference	Source of Threshold / National Average /	0	1	7 Poi	nt Scoring R 3	ange 4	5	6	City
coue	Number		Tertiary; Aspirational	Indicator	Value	Framework	Benchmark	(Very low performance)	(Low performance)	(Lower medium performance)	(Medium performance)	(Upper medium performance)	(High performance)	(Excellent performance)	Score
CE	9.7	Do existing building codes consider eco-friendly techniques and/or the use of local/renewable material? (Y/N)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Yes	CityRAP	NA	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes	6
CE	9.8	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI) (number)s	Tertiary	Non- spatial	Data not available	Expert Recommended	NA	>73.5	73.5-58.9	59-44.4	44.5-29.9	30-15.4	15.5-0.9	<=1	-

					10	. DISAS	TER RISK MANAG	EMENT							
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	1 (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
DRM	10.1	Presence of City Disaster Management Plan prepared / updated in last five years (Y/N)	Primary	Non- spatial	Plan prepared before year 2016	GPSC	NA	No Plan	NA	NA	Plan prepared before year 2016	NA	NA	Plan prepared after year 2016	3
DRM	10.2	Existence of hazard vulnerability maps/risk maps (at city level) prepared / updated in the last five years for the main hazards threatening the city (Y/N)	Primary	Non- spatial	Maps prepared / updated in or after year 2016	GPSC	NA	Maps not prepared	NA	NA	Maps prepared / updated prior to year 2016	NA	NA	Maps prepared / updated in or after year 2016	6
DRM	10.3	Percentage of households at risk due to placement in areas of non-mitigable risk within the ULB (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	48%	ESCI (H.2)	NA	>20%	20%- 17.9%	18%- 15.9%	16%- 13.9%	14%- 11.9%	12%- 9.9%	<=10%	0
DRM	10.4	Percentage of buildings within 4km distance to fire service facility (%)	Primary	Spatial	98%	Expert recommended	URDPFI, Vol 1, Pg 366 http://mohua.gov.in/u pload/uploadfiles/file s/URDPFI%20Guidel ines%20Vol%20I.pdf	<70%	70%- 75.9%	76%- 81.9%	82%- 87.9%	88%- 93.9%	94%- 99.9%	100%	5
DRM	10.5	Presence of hazard early warning systems linked with command control system	Secondary	Non- Spatial	Presence of hazard early warning system linked to ULB command control system	Expert recommended	NA	Absence of hazard early warning system	NA	NA	Presence of hazard early warning system but no linkage with ULB Command Control system	NA	NA	Presence of hazard early warning system linked to ULB command control system	6
DRM	10.6	Existence of urban flood / water stagnation risk assessment and management plan	Secondary	Non- spatial	City has conducted rapid / detailed flood risk assessmen t in the	CSCAF (4.4: Indicator 4)	NA	City has not conducted urban flood / water stagnation	NA	NA	City has conducted rapid / detailed flood risk assessment	NA	NA	City has conducted rapid / detailed flood risk assessment	6

					10	DISAS	TER RISK MANAG	EMENT							
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
					last five			risk			older than			in the last	
					years			assessment			five years.			five years	

					11.	GOVERNAM	ICE AND DATA M	ANAGEM	ENT						
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	0 (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
GOV	11.1	Number of planners per capita (number)	Primary	Non- spatial	3.09	GPSC	URDPFI, Vol I, pg. 105 http://mohua.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/UR DPFI%20Guidelines%2 0Vol%20I.pdf URDPFI, Vol I, pg. 315 http://mohua.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/UR DPFI%20Guidelines%2 0Vol%20I.pdf	<0.5	0.5-0.59	0.6-0.69	0.7-0.79	0.8-0.89	0.9-0.99	>=1	6
GOV	11.2	Years since enforced master plan/development plan was last reviewed and updated (number of years)	Primary	Non- spatial	14	GPSC	URDPFI, Vol I, pg. 06 http://mohua.gov.in/upl oad/uploadfiles/files/UR DPFI%20Guidelines%2 0Vol%20I.pdf	>10 years	10-8.9 years	9-7.9 years	8-6.9 years	7-5.9 years	6-4.9 years	<=5 years	0
GOV	11.3	Number of services being managed through command and control system in the ULB (number)	Primary	Non- spatial	12	MPI (3.1.2)	NA	<5	5-5.9	6-6.9	7-7.9	8-8.9	9-9.9	>=10	6
GOV	11.4	Number of functions being implemented by ULB out of 18 functions stipulated in the Twelfth schedule of Indian constitution (number)	Primary	Non- spatial	All 18	Expert recommended	Twelfth Schedule (Article 243W) - 74 CAA; Pg. 10& 11 <u>https://www.mhrd.gov.i</u> <u>n/sites/upload_files/mhr</u> <u>d/files/upload_documen</u> <u>t/74amend.pdf</u>	Less than 15	NA	NA	Between 15 and 17	NA	NA	All 18	6
GOV	11.5	Existence of Geographic information System (GIS) based Master Plan for the city	Primary	Non- spatial	Absence of GIS base Master Plan	MPI (4.1.2)	AMRUT Reform Agenda - Formulation of GIS Based Master Plan for AMRUT Cities - <u>http://amrut.gov.in/uplo</u> <u>ad/uploadfiles/files/AMR</u> <u>UT-</u> <u>SubScheme_Guideline(4</u> ).pdf	Absence of GIS base Master Plan	NA	NA	Presence of GIS base Master Plan prepared / updated before 2015	NA	NA	Presence of GIS base Master Plan prepared / updated after 2015	0
GOV	11.6	Environmental status report with action plans published by the ULB for the last three years	Secondary	Non- spatial	No	MPI (5.1.4)	NA	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes	0

					11.	GOVERNAM	ICE AND DATA M	ANAGEM	ENT						
		Indicator	Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number			Type of Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
GOV	11.7	Percentage of total staff trained during the year in any of the ULB functionary domains (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data requested	MPI (5.4.3)	NA	<50%	50%- 54.9%	55%- 59.9%	60%- 64.9%	65%- 69.9%	70%- 74.9%	>=75%	-
GOV	11.8	E-governance initiatives by the ULB: a. ULB website (Y/N) b. Online Public Service Delivery (Services provided online as a proportion of total Services provided) c. Online Public Service Delivery on Mobile (Services provided via mobile as a proportion of total Services provided) d. Online Grievance Redressal (number of grievances received online as a proportion of total grievances received) e. Online Grievance Redressal on Mobile (Services provided via mobile as a proportion of total services provided)	Secondary	Non- spatial	5	MPI (3.1.1)	NA	Less than 2	NA	NA	Between 2 and 4	NA	NA	All 5	6
GOV	11.9	Local development control regulations and master plan / development plan are accessible completely through the web	Secondary	Non- spatial	Both available online	Expert recommended	NA	Both not available	NA	NA	One available online	NA	NA	Both available online	6
GOV	11.10	Existence of following stipulated committees in the ULB: 1) Municipal Committee/Council 2) Ward Committee 3) Metropolitan Planning Committee / District Planning Committee 4) Project Coordination /Monitoring Committee 5) Town Vending Committee (Street vendors) 6) Heritage Conservation Committee	Secondary	Non- spatial	5	Expert recommended	NA	Less than or equal to 3	NA	NA	Between 4 and 5	NA	NA	6	3
GOV	11.11	ULB's citizen charter and appeal mechanisms	Secondary	Non- spatial	Exists offline and online	MPI (5.4.1)	NA	Doesn't exist	NA	NA	Exist only offline	NA	NA	Exists offline and online	6
GOV	11.12	Presence of City data officer (Y/N)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Yes	MPI (3.1.6)	NA	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes	6

	11. GOVERNANCE AND DATA MANAGEMENT														
	Number	Indicator	Primary/		City	Source Reference Framework	Source of Threshold / National Average / Benchmark	7 Point Scoring Range							
Code			Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Type of Indicator	Indicator Value			<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
GOV	11.13	Proportion of Women councillors in Municipal Council (%)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	53%	MPI (5.2.2)	74th Constitutional Amendment Act of India <u>https://www.mhrd.gov.i</u> <u>n/sites/upload_files/mhr</u> <u>d/files/upload_documen</u> <u>t/74amend.pdf</u>	<33%	33%- 36.3%	36.4%- 39.7%	39.8%- 43.1%	43.2%- 46.5%	46.6%- 49.9%	>=50%	6
GOV	11.14	Digital Governance: Presence on Open Data Portal	Tertiary	Non- spatial	Yes	MPI (3.1.8)	NA	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes	6

	12. FINANCE AND ECONOMY														
			Primary/		City	Source	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number	Indicator	Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational	Indicator	Indicator Value	Reference Framework	National Average / Benchmark	<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
FIN	12.1	Credit rating of the ULB	Primary	Non- spatial	Between BBB and A	MPI (2.4.3)	GPSC, Pg 132 http://documents1.worl dbank.org/curated/en/3 39851517836894370/p df/123149-Urban- Sustainability- Framework.pdf	Lesser or equal to BBB	NA	NA	Between BBB and A	NA	NA	Greater or equal to AA	3
FIN	12.2	Total property tax collected as a percentage of total property tax billed in the same financial year (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	74%	MPI (2.1.5)	NA	<60%	60%- 63.9%	64%- 67.9%	68%- 71.9%	72%- 75.9%	76%- 79.9%	>=80%	4
FIN	12.3	Financial dependency: Percentage of grants received from central and state governments to total revenue (%)	Primary	Non- spatial	36%	Expert Recommended	NA	>60%	60%- 53.9%	54%- 47.9%	48%- 41.9%	42%- 35.9%	36%- 29.9%	<=30%	4
FIN	12.4	Growth rate of GDP per capita (%)	Primary; Aspirational	Non- spatial	Data not available	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
FIN	12.5	Change in Own Source Revenue (number of years with OSR > 20%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	5	Expert Recommended	GPSC, Pg 133 http://documents1.worl dbank.org/curated/en/3 39851517836894370/p df/123149-Urban- Sustainability- Framework.pdf	Greater than 20% in one year	NA	NA	Greater than 20% for more than 1 Year	NA	NA	Greater than 20% for more 3 years	6
FIN	12.6	Operating margin: Difference in revenue and expenditure in the financial year (INR in Lakhs)	Secondary	Non- spatial	17395.78	GPSC	GPSC, Pg 133 http://documents1.worl dbank.org/curated/en/3 39851517836894370/p df/123149-Urban- Sustainability- Framework.pdf	Deficit	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Surplus	6

	12. FINANCE AND ECONOMY														
		Indicator	Primary/	Type of Indicator	City Indicator Value	Source Reference Framework	Source of Threshold /			7 Po	int Scoring R	ange			
Code	Number		Secondary/ Tertiary; Aspirational				National Average / Benchmark	0 (Very low performance)	1 (Low performance)	2 (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
FIN	12.7	Total cost of annual debt service as a percentage of expenditure (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	2%	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
FIN	12.8	Percentage of debt/loans in overall budget allocation (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	15%	Expert Recommended	NA	>70%	70%- 61.9%	62%- 53.9%	54%- 45.9%	46%- 37.9%	38%- 29.9%	<=30%	6
FIN	12.9	Properties covered under the tax net expressed as percentage of total properties within the municipality (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	100%	MPI (2.1.3)	NA	<85%	85%- 87.7%	87.8%- 90.5%	90.6%- 93.3%	93.4%- 96.1%	96.2%- 98.9%	>=99%	6
FIN	12.10	Efficiency of Capital expenditure spending: Actual capital expenditure spent expressed as a percentage of the budgeted capital expenditure in the financial year (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	18%	Expert Recommended	NA	<60%	60%- 63.9%	64%- 67.9%	68%- 71.9%	72%- 75.9%	76%- 79.9%	>=80%	0
FIN	12.11	Cost Recovery in Water Supply: Total operating revenues expressed as a percentage of the total operating expenses incurred towards water supply services in the given financial year (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	48%	Expert Recommended	NA	<30%	30%- 37.9%	38%- 45.9%	46%- 53.9%	54%- 61.9%	62%- 69.9%	>=70%	3
FIN	12.12	Cost Recovery in Sanitation: Total operating revenues expressed as a percentage of the total operating expenses incurred towards sanitation services in the financial year (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	43%	Expert Recommended	NA	<30%	30%- 37.9%	38%- 45.9%	46%- 53.9%	54%- 61.9%	62%- 69.9%	>=70%	2
FIN	12.13	Cost Recovery in Solid Waste Management: Total operating revenues expressed as a percentage of the total operating expenses incurred towards solid waste management services in the financial year (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	9%	Expert Recommended	NA	<30%	30%- 37.9%	38%- 45.9%	46%- 53.9%	54%- 61.9%	62%- 69.9%	>=70%	0
FIN	12.14	Unemployment rate of persons of age 15 years and above (%)	Secondary	Non- spatial	6.8%	NIF (8.5.1)	Periodic Labour Force Survey (2017-18) Page 211 of 643 and Page 500 of 643 <u>http://mospi.nic.in/sites/</u> <u>default/files/publication</u> <u>_reports/Annual%20Re</u> <u>port%2C%20PLFS%20</u> <u>2017-</u> <u>18_31052019.pdf?dow</u> <u>nload=1</u>	>14%	14%- 11.9%	12%- 9.9%	10%- 7.9%	8%-5.9%	6%-3.9%	<=4%	4

						12. FIN	ANCE AND ECON	OMY							
	Number	Indicator		Type of Indicator	City	Source	Source of Threshold / National Average / Benchmark	7 Point Scoring Range							
Code					Indicator Value	Reference Framework		<b>0</b> (Very low performance)	<b>1</b> (Low performance)	<b>2</b> (Lower medium performance)	<b>3</b> (Medium performance)	<b>4</b> (Upper medium performance)	<b>5</b> (High performance)	<b>6</b> (Excellent performance)	City Score
FIN	12.15	Inequality Index based on Consumption Expenditure- Gini Coefficient (score)	Secondary	Non- spatial	Data not available	EOLI (2.3.1)	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
FIN	12.16	Percentage of workforce employed in the service sector (%)	Secondary; Aspirational	Non-satial	Data not available	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
FIN	12.17	Total capital expenditure as percentage of total expenditure (%)	Tertiary	Non- spatial	34%	MPI (2.2.3)	NA	<10%	10%- 15.9%	16%- 21.9%	22%- 27.9%	28%- 33.9%	34%- 39.9%	>=40%	5
FIN	12.18	GDP density as a percentage of the built-up area of the local government (%)	Tertiary; Aspirational	Non- spatial	Data not available	GPSC	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
FIN	12.19	Informal employment as percentage of total employment (%)	Tertiary; Aspirational	Non- spatial	Data not available	CPI (3.3)	[Descriptive Indicator]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA



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